

## **Composition:**

Each tablet contains

Cinnarizine 20mg

Dimenhydrinate 40mg

## Pharmacokinetic properties:

Cinnarizine is absorbed from the gastrointestinal tract, peak plasma concentrations occurring 2 to 4 hours after oral doses. It undergoes metabolism and has a half-life of 3 to 6 hours. Cinnarizine is excreted in the faeces mainly as unchanged drug, and in the urine predominantly as metabolites.

Dimenhydrinate is well absorbed orally and 98-99% protein bound. Metabolized by cytochrome P450 system and half life is 1-4 hours.

#### **Mechanism of Action**

Cinnarizine has two modes of action.

- It acts as an antihistamine drug. It binds to histamine H1 receptors, blocking them and not
  allowing histamine of the body to activate the receptors. Thus the action of histamine is
  blocked.
- The second mode of action of Cinnarizine is as a calcium channel blocker. It selectively blocks the influx of calcium ions through the cell membranes. This causes reduced sensitivity of vestibular receptors and causes a reduction in motion induced dizziness symptoms. Calcium channel blockers also have a role in the prevention of a migraine.

Dimenhydrinate is a competitive antagonist at the histamine H1 receptor, which is widely distributed in the human brain. Dimenhydrinate's anti-emetic effect is probably due to H1 antagonism in the vestibular system in the brain.

## Other pharmacodynamic properties:

Cinnarizine is an antihistamine and a calcium channel blocker. Histamines mediate a number of activities such as contraction of smooth muscle of the airways and gastrointestinal tract, vasodilatation, cardiac stimulation, secretion of gastric acid, promotion of interleukin release and chemotaxis of eosinophils and mast cells. Competitive antagonists at histamine H1 receptors may be divided into first (sedating) and second (non-sedating) generation agents. Some, such as Cinnarizine also block muscarinic acetylcholine receptors and are used as anti-emetic agents. Cinnarizine through its calcium channel blocking ability also inhibits stimulation of the vestibular system.



Dimenhydrinate is an antiemetics drug combination that contains diphenhydramine and theophylline. It is not effective in the treatment of nausea associated with cancer chemotherapy. Dimenhydrinate directly inhibits the stimulation of certain nerves in the brain and inner ear to suppress nausea, vomiting, dizziness, and vertigo. Diphenhydramine and dimenhydrinate both reduce vestibular neuronal excitation due to angular or linear acceleration motions.

#### Indication:

Vertidiz tablets are indicated in treatment of vertigo of:

- Peripheral origin like Benign Paroxysmal positional vertigo (BPPV)
- Central origin associated with Migraine

## **Contraindication:**

Vertidiz tablets are contraindicated in patients with:

- Parkinson's disease.
- History of severe depression.

## **Drug Interaction:**

- Cinnarizine has clinically important, potentially hazardous interactions with alcohol, barbiturates, hypnotics, narcotic analgesics, sedatives, tranquilizers, tricyclic antidepressants
- Dimenhydrinate interacts with
  - ✓ MAO inhibitors ,
  - ✓ Narcotic pain relievers like codeine,
  - ✓ Antibiotics such as gentamicin and vancomycin
  - ✓ Antispasmodics like atropine,
  - ✓ Belladonna alkaloids
  - ✓ Medications that treat Parkinson's disease such as benztropine and trihexyphenidyl

#### **Adverse effects:**

- Cinnarizine
- ✓ Drowsiness is the most common adverse reaction seen due to Cinnarizine followed by nausea, vomiting or other abdominal symptoms.
- ✓ Taking the drug for extended periods may lead to fatigue, weight gain, depression, tremors and secondary Parkinson's.
- Dimenhydrinate
- ✓ Drowsiness, headache, blurred vision, tinnitus, dryness of the mouth and respiratory passages, incoordination, palpitation, dizziness, hypotension.
- ✓ Paradoxical CNS stimulation in pediatric patients and occasionally in adults.

# **Warnings and Precautions:**



- Cinnarizine is contraindicated in liver or kidney disorders and porphyria.
- Vertidiz may impair ability to drive or operate heavy machinery
- Vertidiz must be used with caution in patients with seizures, angle-closure glaucoma, enlargement of prostate gland, asthma, emphysema, acute hepatic insufficiency

# Use in special population:

- 1. Pediatric: It should be avoided in children.
- 2. **Geriatric:** It may cause cognitive issues in elderly patients.
- 3. Liver impairment: Contraindicated.
- 4. Renal failure: Contraindicated.
- 5. Pregnancy and lactation: Pregnancy category C: Animal reproduction studies have shown an adverse effect on the fetus and there are no adequate and well-controlled studies in humans, but potential benefits may warrant use of the drug in pregnant women despite potential risks. A decision should be made whether to discontinue breastfeeding or to discontinue the drug, taking into account the importance of the drug to the mother.

## Dosage:

As directed by physician.

#### **Presentation:**

Vertidiz tablets are available in blister pack of 10 tablets.

## Storage and handling:

Store in cool and dry place.