



Hypersensitivity to diclofenac or other non-steroidal anti-inflammatory drugs (NSAIDs) and while using soft hydrogel contact lenses.

#### **Drug Interaction:**

- There are no major drug interactions with the use of I-GESIC. It can be concurrently used with cycloplegics, mydriatics, beta-blockers, antibacterials and carbonic anhydrase inhibitors.
- I-GESIC should be used with caution along with oral anticoagulants.

#### **Adverse effects:**

- Use of I-GESIC may be associated with transient burning and stinging sensation, keratitis and elevated intra-ocular pressure.
- Rarely patients on I-GESIC may experience abdominal pain, chills, fever and headache

#### **Warnings and Precautions:**

- I-GESIC, like other NSAIDs, should be used with caution in surgical patients with known bleeding tendencies or who are receiving other medications, which may prolong bleeding time.
- I-GESIC may slow or delay healing.
- Elevations in intra-ocular pressure may occur with I-GESIC following its use in cataract surgery.

#### **Use in special population:**

1. **Pediatric:** Safety and effectiveness in pediatric patients have not been established.
2. **Geriatric:** No overall differences in safety or effectiveness have been observed between elderly and younger adult patients.
3. **Liver impairment:** Use with caution.
4. **Renal failure:** Diclofenac pharmacokinetics has been investigated in subjects with renal insufficiency. No differences in the pharmacokinetics of diclofenac have been detected in studies of patients with renal impairment.
5. **Pregnancy and lactation:** Pregnancy Category C. Reproduction studies performed in mice at oral doses up to 5,000 times (20 mg/kg/day) and in rats and rabbits at oral doses up to 2,500 times (10 mg/kg/day) the human topical dose have revealed no evidence of teratogenicity due to Diclofenac Sodium despite the induction of maternal toxicity and fetal toxicity. In rats, maternally toxic doses were associated with dystocia, prolonged gestation, reduced fetal weights and growth, and reduced fetal survival. Diclofenac Sodium has been shown to cross the placental barrier in mice and rats. There are, however, no adequate and well-controlled studies in pregnant women. Because animal reproduction studies are not always predictive of human response, this drug should be used during pregnancy only if clearly needed.

It is not known whether topical ophthalmic administration of Diclofenac Sodium Ophthalmic could result in sufficient systemic absorption to produce detectable quantities in breast milk.



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Because many drugs are excreted in human milk, a decision should be made whether to discontinue nursing or to discontinue the drug, taking into account the importance of the drug to the mother.

**Dosage:**

As directed by physician.

**Presentation:**

I-GESIC is available in a 5 ml lupolen vial.

**Storage and handling:**

Store in cool and dry. Keep away from children.



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